

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

TRACY GARCIA,
v.
THE CITY OF YAKIMA
Defendant.

NO. CV-12-198-EFS
COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
[JURY TRIAL DEMANDED]

Upon information and belief, Plaintiff alleges as follows:

I. SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION

1.1 This is a complaint for violations of the Plaintiff's Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, and Family and Medical Leave Act, over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343. This complaint also alleges state law claims including cause of action under: (1) Washington Law Against Discrimination, RCW 49.60.180, WAC 162-30-020;

1 162-12-140(3)(n) (2) and the Washington Family Leave Act, RCW 49.78 *et al*;
2 arising from the same facts over which this Court has supplemental jurisdiction
3 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
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5 1.2 Plaintiff Received an EEOC Right to Sue Letter: On December 5,
6 2011, Plaintiff filed a formal charge against the defendant, City of Yakima with
7 EEOC, alleging discrimination and retaliation, in violation of the American's with
8 Disability's Act, and Title VII. On January 12, 2012, the EEOC issued Ms. Garcia
9 a right to sue letter. Less than 90 days have passed since that letter was issued.
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12 1.3 Tort Claim: On December 6, 2011, Plaintiff filed a tort claim with the
13 City of Yakima clerk's office, in compliance with the requirements of RCW 4.96
14 et al. More than sixty days have elapsed since the filing of this tort claim, in
15 compliance with RCW 4.96.020.
16

17 II. PARTIES AND PERSONAL JURISDICTION

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19 2.1 Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1.1 through 1.2 as though fully set
20 forth herein.
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22 2.2 Plaintiff, TRACY GARCIA, (hereinafter "Plaintiff") was at all times
23 mentioned herein, a resident of the state of Washington. At the time that this
24 claim arose, she resided within the Eastern District of Washington. Prior to the
25 termination of her employment, which is the subject of this lawsuit, she served as
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1 a municipal court clerk with the City of Yakima Municipal Court until she was
2 forced to resign on June 8, 2011.

3
4 2.3 Defendant, the CITY OF YAKIMA (hereinafter “CITY”), is a
5 municipal corporation located in Yakima County, Washington, which is
6 geographically situated within the jurisdictional bounds of the Eastern District of
7 Washington.
8

9 2.4 The CITY has, both by its actions and failure to act, ratified all acts
10 of its employees, agents, or assigns.
11

12 2.5 Additionally, the CITY is vicariously liable for the acts or omissions
13 of its employees, agents, or assigns.
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15 III. VENUE

16 3.1 Plaintiff re-alleges paragraph’s 1.1 – 2.5 as though fully set forth
17 herein.
18

19 3.2 Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)
20 including, but not limited to the following grounds: (a) the defendant “resides”
21 within the Eastern District; and (b) a substantial part of the events or omissions
22 giving rise to this complaint occurred in the Eastern District.
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IV. FACTS

4.1 Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1.1 through 3.2 as though fully set forth herein.

I. MS. GARCIA HAD A LONG-TERM RECORD OF SUCCESS AS A CITY OF YAKIMA MUNICIPAL COURT CLERK.

4.2 From September 19, 2006, until June 8, 2011, Tracy Garcia worked as a municipal court clerk with the City of Yakima Municipal Court. During this time, her supervisor was Court Administrator, Linda Hagert. Ms. Hagert consistently gave Ms. Garcia good performance evaluations and consistent pay increases.

II. WHEN MS. GARCIA BECAME A NEW MOTHER, HER SUPERVISOR, MS. HAGERT BEGAN TO DISCRIMINATE AGAINST HER.

4.3 Ms. Hagert's attitude toward Ms. Garcia changed when Ms. Garcia became a new mother and took her FMLA leave. On November 14, 2009, Ms. Garcia gave birth to her son, Luis Garcia. Ms. Garcia was on maternity leave until March 22, 2010, she took one and a half months of disability and twelve weeks of FMLA leave. Ms. Garcia took this leave under the recommendation of her treating doctor.

4.4 In the last two weeks of April, 2010, after returning from her maternity leave, Ms. Garcia had the misfortune of contracting strep throat and

1 mononucleosis. Her doctors advised her to stay off work for a month, but Ms.
2 Garcia took 2 weeks of unpaid leave, and returned to work even though she was
3 still sick. Under Yakima policy, Ms. Garcia had exhausted her sick leave and
4 vacation leave when she was on maternity leave, so she had no sick leave or
5 vacation available, and had exhausted her FMLA upon her return from maternity
6 leave.
7

8
9 4.5 In May of 2010, Ms. Hagert and the presiding judge for the
10 municipal court called Ms. Garcia in their offices and informed her that she
11 would be terminated if she took any additional unpaid leave. Ms. Hagert also
12 suggested to Ms. Garcia that:
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14

15 *“Maybe you should quit breast feeding because it is obviously*
16 *affecting your immune system.”*

17 From that point, Ms. Garcia took no unpaid leave from the City of Yakima.
18 Nonetheless, Ms. Hagert, singled Ms. Garcia out for hostile treatment.
19

20 **a. Ms. Hagert singled out Ms. Garcia for criticism.**

21 4.6 Despite Ms. Garcia’s established record of professional success,
22 over the summer and fall of 2010, Ms. Hagert, seemed to invent questionable
23 reasons for criticizing and singling out Tracy, including, but not limited to:
24

25 4.6.1 Accusing Tracy of wearing pants that were “too long.”

26 4.6.2 Criticizing Tracy for stretching at her desk.
27

1 4.6.3 Criticizing Tracy if she exceeded her 10-minute breaks
2 by one minute, even where the breaks were for
3 bathroom usage.

4 4.6.4 Instructing Tracy's co-workers to keep tabs on Tracy
5 when taking breaks.

6 4.7 In September of 2010, Tracy asked the presiding judge on the
7 Yakima Municipal Court if she could take her lunch hour at a different time, so
8 that she could attend a conference at her son's day care. The Judge refused such
9 an accommodation.
10

11 4.8 On September 8, 2010, Ms. Garcia reported her concerns about Ms.
12 Hagert's behavior to the City of Yakima Human resources Department. This
13 resulted in a short temporary break in Ms. Hagert's expressed hostilities toward
14 Ms. Garcia.
15

16 4.9 On December 20, 2010, Ms. Garcia requested permission to use ten
17 minutes of accrued leave so that she could leave at 4:50 p.m. to attend a doctor's
18 appointment for her child at 5:00 p.m.. Ms. Hagert responded with hostility
19 stating:
20
21

22 *"Are you asking for permission? It seems like you have it already*
23 *scheduled."*
24

25 Attempting to evade Ms. Hagert's hostility, Ms. Garcia rescheduled the
26 appointment for 5:15, and communicated that to Ms. Hagert, stating in an e-mail:
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1 *“Disregard – I rescheduled for 5:15.”*

2
3 4.10 On or about December 21, 2010, Ms. Hagert and Judge Olwell
4 called Ms. Garcia in to their office and inform her that she may not schedule any
5 appointment during work hours without asking permission before the
6 appointment was scheduled.
7

8 4.11 Ms. Garcia then requested a meeting with Yakima human resources.
9
10 The meeting was scheduled with City of Yakima Human resources officer,
11 Colleen Chapin. Ms. Garcia scheduled an appointment for December 28, 2010,
12 with Colleen Chapin. Ms. Chapin did not show up for this meeting.
13

14 **b. In January 2011, The City of Yakima threatened Ms. Garcia**
15 **with termination in retaliation for her using accrued sick time**
16 **for her child.**

17 4.12 At 4:30 pm on or about January 20, 2011, Ms. Garcia’s son’s day
18 care called and told her that she had to pick up her son because he had a fever and
19 was throwing up. Ms. Garcia turned in 30 minutes of accrued sick time so that
20 she could pick him up.
21

22 4.13 The next day on or about January 21, 2011 Judge Olwell and Linda
23 Hagert, told her that they are going to suspend her vacation time and that if she
24 uses anymore sick time she is going to be terminated. Throughout this
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1 discussion, Ms. Hagert continued to press Ms. Garcia about being a “working
2 mother” stating:

3
4 “Should you be working?”

5
6 4.14 Judge Olwell volunteered to Ms. Garcia that maybe she needed to
7 quit traveling on the weekends, attributing her son’s illness to the alleged
8 traveling.

9
10 **c. Court Administrator Hagert began to instruct her employees to**
11 **socially isolate Ms. Garcia.**

12 4.15 In the month of January, 2011, Ms. Hagert instructed Ms. Garcia’s
13 co-workers, Nicole Britt and Sara Matheny that Tracy is “*bad news*” and to “*stay*
14 *away from her.*” Ms. Hagert, specifically prohibited Ms. Britt, a good friend of
15 Ms. Garcia’s, from buying coffee for Ms. Garcia. (The two young women had a
16 tradition of buying coffee for each other).
17

18
19 4.16 Ms. Britt and Ms. Garcia found that they had to hide their friendship,
20 because Ms. Hagert would interrogate Ms. Britt if there was any evidence of
21 kindness by Ms. Britt toward Ms. Garcia.
22

23 4.17 Ms. Hagert actively tried to sow ill will against Ms. Garcia by telling
24 other employees falsehoods such as: “Tracy was in this (Ms. Hagert’s) office
25 saying that she was the most valuable employee here.”
26

1 **d. To avoid Ms. Hagert's aggression, Ms. Garcia took minimal**
2 **time off to accommodate her son after her return from**
3 **maternity leave.**

4 4.18 Ms. Garcia, tried very hard to take as little time off of her job as
5 possible to evade the hostility from her supervisor, Ms. Hagert.

6 4.19 After May of 2010, Ms. Garcia had a positive balance of her sick
7 leave at all times that she took it. She only used her leave as absolutely necessary
8 to fulfill her parenting responsibilities.
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10
11 **e. In February of 2011, Ms. Garcia again reported to Yakima**
12 **human resources that she was being harassed in retaliation for**
13 **taking FMLA leave and having a child.**

14 4.20 On or about, February 1, 2011, Ms. Garcia met with Yakima human
15 resources professionals, Colleen Chapin, and Cheryl Smith, and reports that she
16 is being harassed. They denied that Ms. Garcia was being harassed.

17 4.21 On or about, February 3, 2011, Ms. Garcia met again with Yakima
18 Human resource professionals, Colleen Chapin, and Cheryl Smith, as well as
19 with Ms. Hagert. Ms. Garcia reported that she felt harassed and retaliated against
20 by Ms. Hagert for taking FMLA leave and for having a baby.
21
22

23 **f. In March of 2011, Ms. Hagert gives Ms. Garcia a terrible**
24 **evaluation.**

1 4.22 In March of 2011, approximately one month following this meeting,
2 Ms. Hagert took the adverse employment action of giving Ms. Garcia an
3 unfavorable evaluation without cause.
4

5 **g. Retaliatory and Discriminatory Discipline: April 4th, 2011, Ms.**
6 **Hagert docked Ms. Garcia' down a pay grade because she was 4**
7 **minutes late to work.**

8 4.23 On April 1, 2011, Ms. Hagert disciplined Ms. Garcia because she
9 was four minutes late for work. Ms. Hagert also accused Ms. Garcia of being
10 insubordinate based on the allegation that she did not immediately report to Ms.
11 Hagert's office to confess her tardiness. Tracy was four minutes late to the office
12 because she was buying breakfast burritos for the whole staff.
13

14 4.24 On April 4, 2011, Ms. Garcia was required to attend a disciplinary
15 meeting. She was accused of being four minutes late on this occasion, and being
16 late on 12 other unspecified occasions. Defendant did not provide Ms. Garcia
17 with the dates of the other alleged instances of tardiness, or the length of the
18 alleged tardiness. Instead, the City docked her pay, took 8 hours of her earned
19 vacation leave, and reduced her salary step one grade.
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22

23 **h. The City of Yakima Forced Ms. Garcia to Resign in Retaliation**
24 **On Pre-textual Grounds.**

1 4.25 On May 20, 2011, a defendant failed to show up for court and Ms.
2 Garcia's duty was to put a docketing note about the failure of the individual to
3 show up, forfeit his bond, and post a warrant for his arrest.
4

5 4.26 On May 31st, Ms. Hagert falsely accused Ms. Garcia of failing to put
6 a note in the file about the failure of the individual to show up and failing to
7 forfeit the bond. The note was in the file but Ms. Hagert missed it. Ms. Hagert
8 also falsely accused Ms. Garcia about lying about whether she had put a note in
9 the file. The electronic records reflect that Ms. Garcia had put the note in the file
10 precisely when she was supposed to; and that (as she explained) she entered the
11 note in a second time just to be certain it was there. Ms. Garcia's conduct was
12 consistent with proper court procedure.
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16 4.27 On June 2, 2011, then presiding judge, Judge Susan Woodard and
17 Court Administrator Linda Hagert placed Ms. Garcia on administrative leave and
18 prohibited her from leaving her home from 8 – 5. They required her to report to
19 the jury room on June 7, 2011.
20
21

22 4.28 On June 7, 2011, Ms. Garcia brought a union representative with her
23 to the meeting. The Judge excused the union representative because the clerk's
24 office, which was organizing a union, did not yet have formal union
25 representation. Ms. Garcia attended the meeting without representation, the
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27

1 defendant City was represented by Judge Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Court
2 Administrator Hagert, and Yakima Human Resources officer, Colleen Chapin.
3

4 4.29 Ms. Garcia explained that there were two notes in the file. But with
5 out basis, Judge Kelley Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Court Administrator
6 Linda Hagert, and Yakima Human Resources officer, Colleen Chapin falsely
7 accused Ms. Garcia of lying.
8

9
10 4.30 Judge Kelley Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Court Administrator
11 Linda Hagert, and Yakima Human Resources officer, Colleen Chapin advised
12 Ms. Garcia that she could either resign or be terminated the next day.
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14 4.31 On June 8, 2011, Ms. Garcia resigned in lieu of termination.
15

16 V. CLAIM ALLEGATIONS

17
18 **1. Claim 1: Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended by**
19 **the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Civil rights Act of 1991, 42**
20 **U.S.C. 2000(e) *et seq.***

21 **a. Disparate Treatment – “sole reason” and/or motivating**
22 **factor**

23 5.1 By the above-described acts, Defendant, City of Yakima, took the
24 adverse employment action of wrongfully demoting plaintiff and forcing her to
25 resign under threat of discharge. The plaintiff’s female gender and pregnancy
26 was either the sole reason, or a motivating factor, in the defendant’s decision to
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1 demote her and to force her to resign. Defendant's adverse employment actions
2 of demotion and forced resignation of plaintiff was not based upon any lawful
3 reason.
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5
6 **b. Hostile Work Environment caused by supervisor**

7 5.2 By the above-described acts, Defendant, City of Yakima, subjected
8 plaintiff to hostile conduct due to her gender and recent pregnancy. This conduct
9 was unwelcome, and sufficiently severe or pervasive to alter that conditions of
10 the plaintiff's employment and create a discriminatory, abusive and hostile
11 environment. Plaintiff perceived the working environment to be abusive and
12 hostile; and a reasonable woman in her circumstances would consider her
13 working environment to be abusive and hostile.
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16
17 5.3 City of Yakima employee, Court Administrator Linda Hagert, was
18 Tracy Garcia's direct supervisor, Ms. Hagert subjected plaintiff to a hostile work
19 environment due to her gender and recent pregnancy.
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21

22 **c. Retaliation**

23 5.4 By the above-described acts, Plaintiff engaged in the protected
24 activity of taking her Family and Medical leave. The City of Yakima subjected
25 plaintiff to adverse employment actions in the form of retaliation, demotion and
26
27

1 forced resignation. The City subjected plaintiff to these adverse employment
2 action because of her participation in the protected activity of taking her
3 protected Family and Medical Leave.
4

5
6 **2. Claim 3: Washington Law Against Discrimination, RCW**
7 **49.60.180, WAC 162-30-020; 162-12-140(3)(n).**

8 5.5 By the above-described acts, Defendant subjected plaintiff to
9 adverse employment action of demoting plaintiff and forcing her resignation.
10 Plaintiff's gender and pregnancy was a substantial factor in the decision to take
11 the adverse employment actions of demoting plaintiff and forcing her resignation.
12

13
14 **3. Claim 4: Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. 2601-2654**

15 5.6 By the above described act, Plaintiff gave birth and was caring for a
16 newborn child. Plaintiff had been employed with the City of Yakima at least
17 twelve months and worked for at least 1,250 hours prior to taking her family and
18 medical leave and was eligible for Family Medical Leave at her employer.
19 Plaintiff gave defendant the proper notice of the need to be absent from work.
20 Plaintiff took the family and medical leave, and Defendant took the adverse
21 employment action of cutting plaintiff's pay and forcing Plaintiff to resign from
22 employment for taking this leave. Plaintiff's absence from work was a
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1 substantial or motivating factor to prompt defendant to take these adverse
2 employment actions.

3
4 **4. Claim 5: The Washington Family Leave Act, RCW 49.78 *et al***

5
6 5.7 By the above described act, Plaintiff gave birth and was caring for a
7 newborn child. Plaintiff gave defendant the proper notice of the need to be
8 absent from work under FMLA. Plaintiff provided certification from her treating
9 physician for the need for the leave. Plaintiff took the family and medical leave,
10 and Defendant took the adverse employment action of cutting plaintiff's pay and
11 forcing Plaintiff to resign from employment for taking this leave. Plaintiff's
12 absence from work under the FMLA was a substantial or motivating factor to
13 prompt defendant to take such adverse employment actions.

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17 **VI. VICARIOUS LIABILITY**

18 6.1 Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1.1 through 5.7 as though fully set
19 forth herein.

20
21 6.2 Linda Hagert, Judge Kelley Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Yakima
22 Human Resources Officers, Colleen Chapin and Cheryl Smith, were at all times
23 relevant to this cause of action employees, agents or assigns of Defendant CITY.

24
25 6.3 Upon information and belief, at all times relevant to this cause of
26 action, Linda Hagert, Judge Kelley Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Yakima
27

Human Resources Officers, Colleen Chapin and Cheryl Smith were acting within the scope of their employment with, and under the control of, Defendant CITY.

6.4 Defendant CITY is liable for the injuries and damages suffered by TRACY GARCIA as a result of the negligent or intentional acts or omissions of Linda Hagert, Judge Kelley Olwell, Judge Susan Woodard, Yakima Human Resources Officers, Colleen Chapin and Cheryl Smith under the theory of *respondeat superior*.

VII. DAMAGES

Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this court:

7.1 Grant a permanent injunction enjoining Defendant, their officers, successors, agents, assigns, and all persons in active concert or participation with them, from engaging in any other employment practice which discriminates, harasses, or retaliates on the basis of gender, pregnancy, family and medical leave and opposition to discrimination and harassment;

7.2 Order Defendant to institute and carry out policies, practices, and programs which provide equal employment opportunities for all employees, and which eradicate the effects of its past and present unlawful employment practices;

1 7.3 Order Defendant to make Plaintiff whole by providing appropriate
2 back pay with prejudgment interest, in amounts to be determined at trial, and
3
4 other affirmative relief necessary to eradicate the effects of its unlawful
5 employment practices;

6
7 7.4 Order Defendant to make Plaintiff whole by providing compensation
8 for past and future pecuniary losses resulting from the unlawful employment
9 practices described in the above paragraphs, including out-of-pocket expenses, in
10 an amount to be determined at trial, including, but not limited to the damages
11 provided for by RCW 49.48 *et. seq.* and RCW 49.52 *et seq.*;

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13
14 7.5 Order Defendant to make Plaintiff whole by providing compensation
15 for past and future non-pecuniary losses resulting from the unlawful practices
16 complained of in the above paragraphs, including without limitation, emotional
17 pain, suffering, and loss of enjoyment of life, in an amount to be determined at
18 trial;

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20
21 7.6 Order Defendant to pay Plaintiff punitive damages for its conduct
22 described in the above paragraphs, in amounts to be determined at trial to the
23 fullest extent allowed by law;

1 7.7 Order Defendant to pay Plaintiff for any and all tax consequences
2 associated with the damages and cost award, including but not limited to
3 attorney's fees;
4

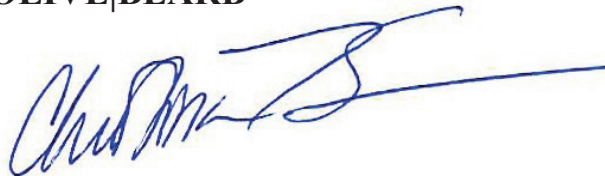
5 7.8 Award Plaintiff the costs of this action, including attorneys' fees,
6 expert witness fees, and other costs;
7

8 7.9 Award Plaintiff pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest;
9 and
10

11 7.10 Grant any additional or further relief as provided by law, which this
12 Court finds appropriate, equitable, or just.
13

14 DATED this 10th day of April, 2012.
15

16
17 **OLIVE|BEARB**

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20 CHRISTINA T. SHERMAN, WSBA #35964
21 Attorney for Plaintiff
22 1218 Third Ave., Ste. 1000
23 Seattle, WA 98101
24 Telephone: (206) 629-9909
25 Cell: (253) 441-1940
26 Email: christina@olivebearb.com
27